



CDAW Experience

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(CDAW: Coordinated Data Analysis Workshop)

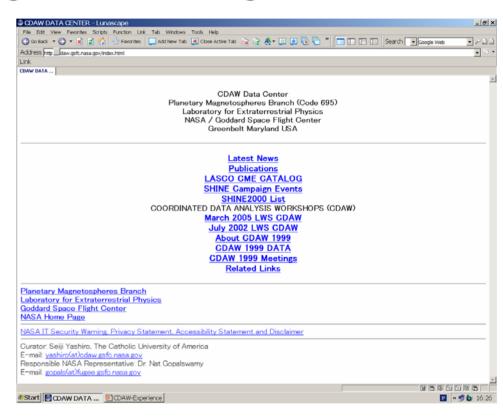


CDAW Concept & History

- CDAW is a community effort to further the development and use of tools and techniques to analyze large simultaneous data sets of selected solar-terrestrial events and answer primary scientific questions.
- First generation CDAWs (1-9): 1977-1986
- Evolved into ISTP workshops after radical change in underlying technology
- CDAW5-9: data available electronically;
- CDAW1-4 data only as hard copy
- CDAWeb
- Second generation CDAWs:
- started with SOHO –Yohkoh CDAW in 1997
- Now includes a large number of data sets from space and ground

CDAW Data Center http://cdaw.gsfc.nasa.gov/

- CDAW Data Center has been built and developed to support CDAWs.
 - 1999: Global Picture of Solar Eruptive Events
 - 2002: Solar Energetic Particles:
 Solar and Geospace Connections
 - 2005: CME, ICME, and Geomagnetic Storm
- Web Based Quick Look Event Tables
 - Everyone can access the data without IDL



- CDAW Data Center is an LWS-supported activity:
 - Supports SHINE campaigns
 - Contains SOHO/LASCO CME catalog

CDAW Overview

1. CDAW

Glue together disparate data sets to answer questions related to a chosen topic

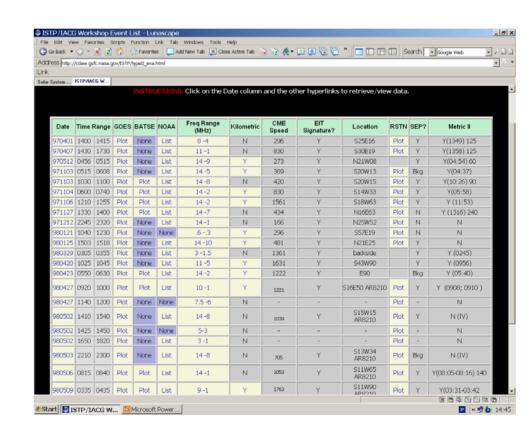
Preprocess data for efficient use during workshop Web Based Event Table (It takes 2-3 months for preparation.)

- 2. 1 year after the CDAW workshop: Follow-up science meeting with broader community participation
- 1 year after the science meeting: Publish the results grouped in scientific journals



1999 CDAW: Global Picture of Solar Eruptive Events

- Starting Point: Interplanetary Type II Radio Bursts from Wind/WAVES
 - 28 events were selected.
- Science Targets:
 - Near-surface manifestations
 - Coronal Dimming and Arcade Formation
 - 3. Magnetic Field Changes
 - 4. Sources of Energetic Particles
 - 5. CMEs and Magnetic Clouds



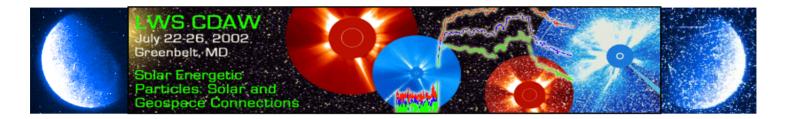


1999 CDAW: Global Picture of Solar Eruptive Events

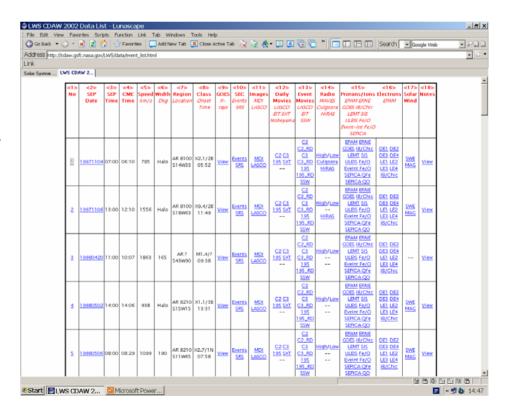
 The follow-up science meeting was held at Catholic University 10 months after the CDAW.

6 GRL and 19 JGR papers were published.

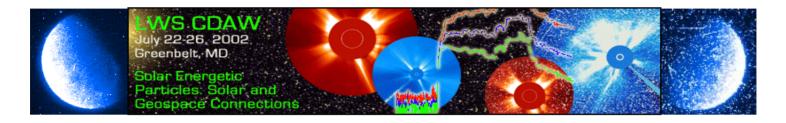
2002 CDAW: Solar Energetic Particles: Solar and Geospace Connections



- Starting Point: Solar Energetic Particle (SEP) Events
 - 48 events were selected.
- 15 scientific questions related to SEPs were addressed
 - e.g. What are the primary characteristics that make a CME or flare produce SEPs?



2002 CDAW: Solar Energetic Particles: Solar and Geospace Connections

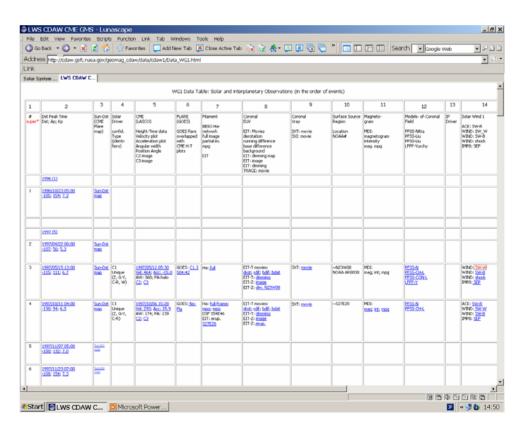


- Six GRL papers were published, 6 months after the CDAW.
- The follow-up science meeting was held 1-year after the CDAW.
 - Chapman Conference on Solar Energetic Plasmas and Particles (Turku, Finland)
- AGU Monograph Book (32 Articles, edited by N. Gopalswamy, R. Mewaldt, & J. Torsti) and 7 JGR papers (special section) will be published.

2005 CDAW: CME, ICME, and Geomagnetic Storm



- Starting Point: Large Geomagnetic Storms (Dst < - 100 nT)
 - 79 Events were selected.
- Nearly 50 scientific questions related to geomagnetic storms were addressed.
 - e.g., What are the primary characteristics that make a CME geoeffective?



2005 CDAW: CME, ICME, and Geomagnetic Storm



- The follow-up science meeting: Next Spring at Dartmouth, NH (place is tentative)
- A special section in JGR-Space Physics is planned.

CDAW Statistics

	Main Topic	Number of Participants	Number of Events	Number of Table Columns	Number of Publications
			(Study Period)	(~proxy of data sets)	
1999	CMEs	60~80	28	14	25 Papers
	(Type IIs)		(3 Year)		
2002	SEPs	~60	48 (6 Year)	18	13 Papers + AGU Book (32 Articles)
2005	Geomagnetic Storms	~80	79 (9 Year)	20	??

Summary

- CDAW has been a useful tool with measurable scientific achievements; CDAW is one of the best ways to maximize cross-disciplinary science output.
 - For the success of a CDAW workshop, preprocessed data and quick look event table are important.
 - For the scientific output, follow-up science meeting and solid publication plan are important.

We anticipate many CDAWs based on STEREO data.